



## INSIGHTS TO PROTECT YOUR DRINKING WATER

### Do...

- Ensure that lawn irrigation systems have proper backflow protection. Backflow Prevention Assemblies must be tested at appropriate intervals by a certified tester, as required by your local water provider and plumbing codes.
- Verify and install a simple hose bibb vacuum breaker on all threaded faucets around your home.
- Make sure water treatment devices such as water softeners have the proper “air gap”, which is a minimum of one inch above any drain.



### DON'T...

- Submerge hoses in buckets, pools, tubs, sinks or ponds.
- Use spray attachments without a backflow prevention device.
- Connect waste pipes from water softeners or other treatment systems directly to the sewer or submerged drain pipe. Always be sure there is a one-inch “air gap” separation.



### DID YOU KNOW...

Your water can become contaminated if connections to your plumbing system are not properly protected! The purpose of the local Cross-Connection Control Program is to ensure that everyone in the community has safe, clean drinking water.

### PUBLIC HEALTH & SAFETY....

To avoid contamination, backflow preventers are required by state plumbing codes wherever there is an actual or potential hazard for a cross-connection. The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) requires all public water suppliers to maintain an on-going Cross-Connection Control Program involving public education, onsite inspections, and if required, corrective actions by building and home owners.

*For more detailed information about cross-connection control and backflow prevention in Wisconsin, please visit [www.hydrocorpinc.com/wi](http://www.hydrocorpinc.com/wi) or [www.hydrocorpinc.com/residential](http://www.hydrocorpinc.com/residential)*



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## PROTECTING THE SAFETY OF YOUR HOME'S DRINKING WATER

### From the Hazards of Cross-Connections and Backflow



## What is a Cross Connection?

A cross-connection is an actual or potential connection between the safe drinking water

(potable) supply and a source of contamination or pollution. State plumbing codes require approved backflow prevention methods to be installed at every point of potable water connection and use. Cross-Connections must be properly protected or eliminated.

### BACKSIPHONAGE

May occur due to a loss of pressure in the municipal water system during a fire fighting emergency, a water main break or system repair. This creates a siphon in your plumbing system which can draw water out of a sink or bucket and back into your water or the public water system.

### BACKPRESSURE

May be created when a source of pressure (such as a boiler) creates a pressure greater than the pressure supplied from the public water system. This may cause contaminated water to be pushed into your plumbing system through an unprotected cross-connection.

Water normally flows in one direction. However, under certain conditions, water can actually flow backwards; this is known as Backflow. There are two situations that can cause water to flow backward: backsiphonage and backpressure.



## BATHTUB & SHOWER FIXTURES

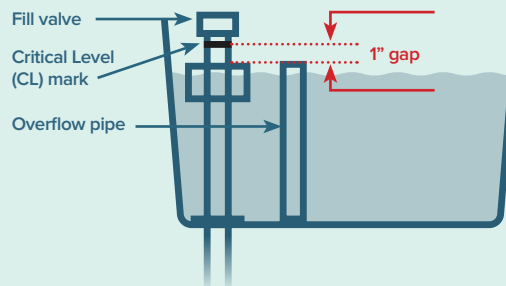
A hand-held shower fixture is compliant if:

- When shower head is hanging freely, it is at least 1" above top of the flood level rim of the bathtub
- Complies with ASSE#1014
- Has the ASME code A112.18.1 stamped on the handle

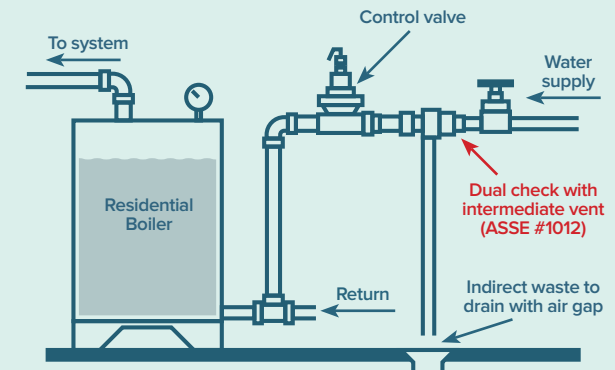
## TOILET TANKS

There are many unapproved toilet tank fill valve products sold at common retailers which do not meet the state plumbing code requirements for backflow prevention.

- Look for the ASSE #1002 Standard symbol on the device and packaging.
- Replace any unapproved devices with an ASSE #1002 approved anti-siphon fill valve device. Average cost is typically \$12 to \$22 at home improvement stores.
- Verify overflow tube is one inch below critical level (CL) marking on the fill valve.



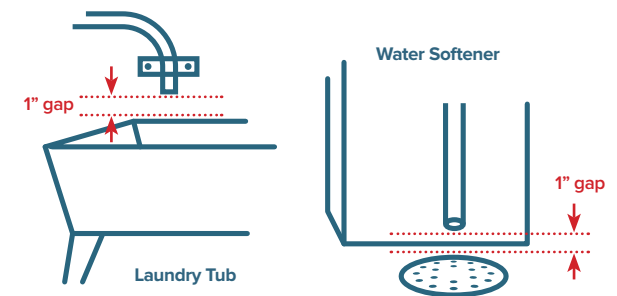
## BOILERS



Boilers with chemical additives require an ASSE #1013 – Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Prevention Assembly.

## ELSEWHERE IN THE HOME

Always maintain an air gap of at least 1 inch between the end of drain hoses and the highest potential water level.



## HOME EXTERIOR

Verify all outside faucets are protected with a hose bibb vacuum breaker of the ASSE-certified types shown below.

### ASSE #1011



INTERIOR USE

### ASSE #1011 Frost-Free



EXTERIOR USE

### ASSE #1019



EXTERIOR USE